# MedStar Health, Inc. POLICY AND PROCEDURE MANUAL

Policy Number: MP.087.MH Last Review Date: 11/03/2016 Effective Date: 01/01/2017

#### MP.087.MH – Intraoperative Neurophysiological Testing

This policy applies to the following lines of business:

- ✓ MedStar Employee (Select)
- ✓ MedStar MA DSNP CSNP
- ✓ MedStar CareFirst PPO

MedStar Health considers **Intraoperative Neurophysiological Testing** medically necessary for the following indications:

- Surgery of the aortic arch, its branch vessels, or thoracic aorta, including carotid artery surgery, when there is a risk of cerebral or spinal cord ischemia
- Resection of epileptogenic brain tissue or tumor
- Resection of brain tissue close to the primary motor cortex and requiring brain mapping
- Protection of cranial nerves associated with any of the following:
  - a. Tumors that affect optic, trigeminal, facial, auditory nerves
  - b. Cavernous sinus tumors
  - c. Microvascular decompression of cranial nerves
  - d. Skull base surgery in the vicinity of the cranial nerves and surgeries of the foramen magnum
  - e. Oval or round window graft
  - f. Laryngeal nerve for thyroid surgeries
- Endolymphatic shunt for Meniere's disease
- Vestibular section for vertigo
- Correction of scoliosis or deformity of spinal cord involving traction on the cord
- Protection of spinal cord where work is performed in close proximity to cord as in the placement or removal of hardware or where there have been numerous interventions
- Spinal instrumentation requiring pedicle screws or distraction
- Decompression procedures on the spinal cord or cauda equine carried out for myelopathy or claudication where function of spinal cord or spinal nerves is at risk
- Spinal cord tumors and spinal fractures (with risk of cord compression)
- Neuromas of peripheral nerves of brachial plexus, when there is risk to major sensory or motor nerves
- Surgery or embolization for intracranial arteriovenous malformations
- Surgery for arteriovenous malformation of spinal cord



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- Embolization of bronchial artery arteriovenous malformations for tumors
- Cerebral vascular aneurysms
- Surgery for intractable movement disorders
- Arteriography, during which there is a test occlusion of the carotid artery
- Circulatory arrest with hypothermia (does not include surgeries performed under circulatory bypass (e.g., coronary artery bypass grafting (CABG), ventricular aneurysms)
- Distal aortic procedures, where there is risk of ischemia to spinal cord
- Leg lengthening procedures, where there is traction on sciatic nerve or other nerve trunks
- Basal ganglia movement disorders
- Surgery as a result of traumatic injury to spinal cord/brain
- Deep brain stimulation

#### Limitations

- The test must be requested by the operating surgeon and the monitoring must be performed by a clinically trained neurophysiologist (MD/DO) other than the operating surgeon, the surgical assistant, or the anesthesiologist rendering the anesthesia due to the high potential for morbidity.
  - Claims submission must include documentation for the time devoted to direct monitoring of the patient (time may be cumulative)
- A technologist must be present continuously in the operating suite recording and monitoring a single case under the neurophysiologist's supervision. This technologist must have either the physical or electronic capacity for real-time communication with the supervising neurophysiologist
- The surgical team and the monitoring staff must always be able to be in immediate contact with each other.
- Services must be performed in the inpatient setting only.
- Intraoperative monitoring is not medically necessary in situations where historical data and current practices reveal no potential risk to neural integrity during surgery.
- For coverage of remote monitoring (as mentioned above) the neurophysiologist must have immediate physical or real-time communication with the operating room. He/she must have the ability to watch the tracings as they are obtained in real-time in the operating room as well as the baseline electrophysiological test and the monitoring tracings from earlier in the case.
- The monitoring physician must have a plan in place to transfer care to another physician, should any other situation arise during patient monitoring.
- Technical criteria it is mandatory that at least 8 recording channels (16 if EEG is monitored) be available for all Intraoperative neurophysiological monitoring



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(IONM). The equipment utilized must also provide for all of the monitoring modalities that are needed such as auditory-evoked response, electroencephalography/electrocorticography, electromyography/nerve conduction, and somatosensory-evoked response.

 IONM during thyroid surgery is considered reasonable and necessary if the monitoring service adheres to the essential standards described above, and the surgical procedure involves the high-risk total removal of a complete lobe of the thyroid, removal of the entire gland, or involves re-entry (re-operation) to a prior surgical field where scar tissue obscures the visual path of the recurrent laryngeal nerve. The Contractor reserves the right to remove coverage for monitoring during thyroid surgery if the literature ultimately does not support this monitoring.

#### Background

The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) provides an overview on Intraoperative neurophysiological testing (IONT), stating that it may be used to identify/prevent complications during surgery on the nervous system, its blood supply, or adjacent tissue. Monitoring can identify new neurologic impairment, identify or separate nervous system structures (e.g., around or in a tumor) and can demonstrate which tracts or nerves are still functional.

Intraoperative neurophysiological testing may provide relative reassurance to the surgeon that no identifiable complication has been detected up to a certain point, allowing the surgeon to proceed further and provide a more thorough or careful surgical intervention than would have been provided in the absence of monitoring. Monitoring, if used to assess sensory or motor pathways, should assess the appropriate sensory or motor pathways. Incorrect pathway monitoring could miss detection of neural compromise and has been shown to have resulted in adverse outcomes.

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CPT Codes / HCPCS Codes / ICD-10 Codes	
Code	Description
CPT Codes *CPT Code 95941 is invalid for Medicare*	
95940	Continuous intraoperative neurophysiology monitoring in the operating room, one on one monitoring requiring personal attendance, each 15 minutes (List separately in addition to code for primary procedure and in conjunction with the study performed)
*95941	Continuous intraoperative neurophysiology monitoring, from outside the operating room (remote or nearby) or for monitor of more than one

#### Codes:



	case within in the operating room, per hour (List separately in addition to code for primary procedure and in conjunction with the study performed)
HCPCS codes of	covered if selection criteria are met (If Appropriate):
G0453	Continuous intraoperative neurophysiology monitoring, from outside the operating room (remote or nearby), per patient, (attention directed exclusively to one patient each 15 minutes (List in addition to primary procedure.
ICD-9 codes co	vered if selection criteria are met:
170.2	Malignant neoplasm of vertebral column excluding sacrum and coccyx
192.0-192.9	Malignant neoplasm of cranial nerves-malignant neoplasm of nervous system part unspecified
193	Malignant neoplasm of thyroid gland
198.3	Secondary malignant neoplasm of brain and spinal cord
198.4	Secondary malignant neoplasm of other parts of nervous system
215.0	Other benign neoplasm of connective or other soft tissue of head, face, and neck
225.0-225.9	Benign neoplasm of brain-benign neoplasm of nervous system unspecified
237.0	Neoplasm of uncertain behavior of pituitary gland and craniopharyngeal duct
237.1	Neoplasm of uncertain behavior of pineal gland
237.3	Neoplasm of uncertain behavior of paraganglia
237.5	Neoplasm of uncertain behavior of brain and spinal cord
237.6	Neoplasm of uncertain behavior of meninges
237.70-237.79	Neurofibromatosis unspecified-Neurofibromatosis type 2 acoustic neurofibromatosis
237.9	Neoplasm of uncertain behavior of other and unspecified parts of nervous system
239.6	Neoplasm of unspecified nature of brain
246.9	Unspecified disorder of thyroid
324.1	Intraspinal abscess
336.0	Syringomyelia and syringobulbia



343.8	Other specified infantile cerebral palsy
343.9	Infantile cerebral palsy unspecified
345.41	Localization-related (focal) (partial) epilepsy and epileptic syndromes with complex partial seizures, with intractable epilepsy
345.51	Localization-related (focal) (partial) epilepsy and epileptic syndromes with simple partial seizures, with mention of intractable epilepsy
348.4	Compression of brain
350.1	Trigeminal neuralgia
350.2	Atypical face pain
352.0-352.9	Disorders of cranial nerves
353.0	Brachial plexus lesions
353.1	Lumbosacral plexus lesions
353.2	Cervical root lesions, not elsewhere classified
353.3	Thoracic root lesions not elsewhere classified
353.4	Lumbosacral root lesions not elsewhere classified
385.30-385.35	Cholesteatoma unspecified-Diffuse cholesteatosis of middle ear and mastoid
386.43	Semicircular canal fistula
430	Subarachnoid hemorrhage
431	Intracerebral hemorrhage
432.0-432.9	Nontraumatic extradural hemorrhage-unspecified intracranial hemorrhage
433.00-433.91	Occlusion and stenosis of basilar artery without cerebral infarction- occlusion and stenosis of unspecified precerebral artery with cerebral infarction
434.00-434.91	Cerebral thrombosis without cerebral infarction-cerebral artery occlusion unspecified with cerebral infarction
435.0-435.9	Basilar artery syndrome-unspecified transient cerebral ischemia
437.3	Cerebral aneurysm nonruptured
437.5	Moyamoya disease
441.00-441.03	Dissection of aorta aneurysm unspecified site-Dissection of aorta thoracoabdominal



441.1-441.9	Thoracic aneurysm ruptured-aortic aneurysm of unspecified site without rupture
443.21	Dissection of carotid artery
443.24	Dissection of vertebral artery
443.29	Dissection of other artery
721.1	Cervical spondylosis with myelopathy
721.41-721.42	Spondylosis with myelopathy thoracic region-spondylosis with myelopathy lumber region
721.91	Spondylosis of unspecified site with myelopathy
722.70-722.73	Intervertebral disc disorder with myelopathy unspecified-intervertebral disc disorder with myelopathy lumbar region
723.0	Spinal stenosis of in cervical region
724.00-724.09	Spinal stenosis other than cervical
737.10-737.19	Kyphosis (acquired)(postural)- other kyphosis acquired
737.20	Lordosis (acquired) (postural)
737.22	Other postsurgical lordosis
737.30-737.39	Scoliosis (and kyphoscoliosis) idiopathic-other kyphoscoliosis and scoliosis
737.40-737.43	Unspecified curvature of spine associated with other conditions- scoliosis associated with other conditions
737.8	Other curvatures of spine associated with other conditions
741.00-741.03	Spina bifida unspecified region with hydrocephalus-spina bifida lumbar region with hydrocephalus
741.90-741.93	Spina bifida unspecified region without hydrocephalus-Spina bifida lumbar region without hydrocephalus
747.81	Congenital anomalies of cerebrovascular system
747.82	Spinal vessel anolmaly
767.4	Injury to spine and spinal cord due to birth trauma
767.5	Facial nerve injury due to birth trauma
767.6	Injury to brachial plexus due to birth trauma
767.7	Other cranial and peripheral nerve injuries due to birth trauma
806.01-806.09	Closed fracture of C1-C4 level with complete lesion of cord-closed fracture of C5-C7 level with other specified spinal cord injury



806.10-806.19	Open fracture of C1-C4 level with unspecified spinal cord injury-open fracture of C5-C7 level with other specified spinal cord injury
806.20-806.29	Closed fracture of T1-T6 level with unspecified spinal cord-closed fracture of T7-T12 level with other specified spinal cord injury
806.30-806.39	Open fracture of T1-T6 level with unspecified spinal cord injury-open fracture of T7-T12 level with other specified spinal cord injury
806.4	Closed fracture of lumbar spine with spinal cord injury
806.5	Open fracture of lumbar spine with spinal cord injury
806.7-806.79	Open fracture of sacrum and coccyx with unspecified spinal cord injury- open fracture of sacrum and coccyx with other spinal cord injury
806.8	Closed fracture of unspecified vertebra with spinal cord injury
806.9	Open fracture of unspecified vertebra with spinal cord injury
850.4	Concussion with prolonged loss of consciousness without return to pre- existing conscious level
953.0-953.9	Injury to cervical nerve root- injury to unspecified site of nerve roots and spinal plexus
955.0-955.9	Injury to axillary nerve-injury to unspecified nerve of shoulder girdle and upper limb
956.0-956.9	Injury to sciatic nerve- injury to unspecified nerve of pelvic girdle and lower limb
ICD-10 codes c	overed if selection criteria are met:
C41.2	Malignant neoplasm of vertebral column
C70.0-C70.9	Malignant neoplasm of meninges
C72.0-C72.9	Malignant neoplasm of spinal cord, cranial nerves, and other parts of central nervous system
C73	Malignant neoplasm of thyroid gland
C79.3-C79.49	Secondary malignant neoplasm of brain and other parts of nervous system
D21.0	Benign neoplasm of connective and other soft tissue of head, face, and neck
D32.0-D33.9	Benign neoplasm for meninges, brain, and other parts of central nervous system



D42.0-D42.9	Neoplasm of uncertain behavior of meninges
D43.0-D43.9	Neoplasm of uncertain behavior of brain and central nervous system
D44.3-D44.7	Neoplasm of uncertain behavior of pituitary, craniopharyngeal, and pineal glands-Neoplasm of uncertain behavior of carotid body, aortic body, and other paraganglia
D49.6	Neoplasm of unspecified behavior of brain
E07.89-E7.9	Other specified or unspecified disorders of thyroid
G06.1	Intraspinal abscess and granuloma
G40.111- G40.119; G40.211- G40.219	Localization-related (focal) (partial) symptomatic epilepsy and epileptic syndromes with simple/complex partial seizures, intractable with or with status epileptics
G45.0	Vertebro-basilar artery syndrome
G45.1	Carotid artery syndrome (hemispheric)
G45.8	Other transient cerebral ischemic attacks and related syndromes
G45.9	Transient cerebral ischemic attack, unspecified
G46.0-G46.2	Vascular syndromes of brain in cerebrovascular-middle, anterior, and posterior cerebral artery
G50.0	Trigeminal neuralgia
G50.1	Atypical facial pain
G52.0-G52.9	Disorders of cranial nerves
G53	Cranial nerve disorders in diseases classified elsewhere
G54.0	Brachial plexus disorders
G54.1	Lumbosacral plexus disorders
G54.2	Cervical root disorders, not elsewhere classified
G54.3	Thoracic root disorders, not elsewhere classified
G54.4	Lumbosacral root disorders, not elsewhere classified
G80.4	Ataxic cerebral palsy
G80.8	Other cerebral palsy
G80.9	Cerebral palsy, unspecified
G93.5	Compression of brain
G95.0	Syringomyelia and syringobulbia



H71.00-H71.93	Cholesteatoma of middle ear
H74.40-H74.43	Polyp of middle ear
H83.11-H83.19	Labyrinthine fistula
160.00-160.9	Nontraumatic subarachnoid hemorrhage
161.0-161.9	Nontraumatic intracerebral hemorrhage
162.00-162.9	Nontraumatic subdural hemorrhage
163.00-163.9	Cerebral infarction
165.01-165.9	Occlusion and stenosis of precerebral arteries, not resulting in cerebral infarction
166.01-166.9	Occlusion and stenosis of cerebral arteries, not resulting in cerebral infraction
167.0	Dissection of cerebral arteries, nonruptured
167.1	Cerebral aneurysm, nonruptured
167.5	Moyamoya disease
167.841	Reversible cerebrovascular vasoconstriction syndrome
167.848	Other cerebrovascular vasospasm and vasoconstriction
171.00	Dissection of unspecified site of aorta
171.01	Dissection of thoracic aorta
172.02	Dissection of abdominal aorta
171.03	Dissection of thoracoabdominal aorta
171.1	Thoracic aortic aneurysm, ruptured
171.2	Thoracic aortic aneurysm, without rupture
171.3	Abdominal aortic aneurysm, ruptured
171.4	Abdominal aortic aneurysm, without rupture
171.5	Thoracoabdominal aortic aneurysm, rupture
171.6	Thoracoabdominal aortic aneurysm, without rupture
171.8	Aortic aneurysm of unspecified site, ruptured
171.9	Aortic aneurysm of unspecified site, without rupture
177.71	Dissection of carotid artery
177.74	Dissection of vertebral artery
177.79	Dissection of other artery



179.0	Dissection of other artery
M40.00-M40.05	Postural kyphosis
M40.10-M40.15	Other secondary kyphosis
M40.202- M40.209	Unspecified kyphosis
M40.292- M40.299	Other kyphosis
M40.30-M40.37	Flatback syndrome
M40.40-M40.47	Postural lordosis
M40.50-M40.57	Lordosis, unspecified
M41.00-M41.9	Scoliosis
M43.8X1- M43.8X9	Other specified deforming dorsopathies
M47.011- M47.029	Anterior spinal and vertebral artery compression syndromes- Vertebral artery compression syndromes
M47.10	Other spondylosis with myelopathy, site unspecified
M47.11	Other spondylosis with myelopathy, occipito-atlanto-axial region
M47.12	Other spondylosis with myelopathy, cervical region
M48.00-M48.08	Spinal stenosis
M50.00-M50.03	Cervical disc disorder with myelopathy-
M51.04	Intervertebral disc disorders with myelopathy, thoracic region
M51.05	Intervertebral disc disorders with myelopathy, thoracolumbar region
M51.06	Intervertebral disc disorders with myelopathy, lumbar region
M51.9	Unspecified thoracic, thoracolumbar and lumbosacral intervertebral disc disorder
M96.2	Postradiation kyphosis
M96.3	Postlaminectomy kyphosis
M96.4	Postsurgical lordosis
M96.5	Postradiation scoliosis
P11.3	Birth injury to facial nerve
P11.5	Birth injury to spine and spinal cord
P14.0	Erb's paralysis due to birth injury



P14.1	Klumpke's paralysis due to birth injury
P14.3	Other brachial plexus birth injuries
P14.8	Birth injuries to other parts of peripheral nervous system
P14.9	Birth injury to peripheral nervous system, unspecified
Q05.0	Cervical spinda bifida with hydrocephalus
Q05.1	Thoracic spina bifida with hydrocephalus
Q05.2	Lumbar spina bifida with hydrocephalus
Q05.3	Sacral spina bifida with hydrocephalus
Q05.4	Unspecified spina bifida with hydrocephalus
Q05.5-Q05.9	Cervical, thoracic, lumbar, sacral, and unspecified spinal bifida without hydrocephalus
Q07.00	Arnold-Chiari syndrome without spina bifida or hydrocephalus
Q07.01	Arnold-Chiari syndrome with spina bifida
Q07.02	Arnold-Chiari syndrome with hydrocephalus
Q07.03	Arnold-Chiari syndrome with spina bifida and hydrocephalus
Q27.9	Congenital malformation of peripheral vascular system, unspecified
Q28.2	Arteriovenous malformation of cerebral vessels
Q28.3	Other malformations of cerebral vessels
Q85.0-Q85.09	Neurofibromatosis
S06.0X6A	Concussion with loss of consciousness greater than 24 hours with return to pre-existing conscious level
S06.0X6D- S06.0X6S	Concussion with loss of consciousness without return to pre-existing conscious level (greater than 24 hours)
S12.000A- S12.9XXS	Fracture of cervical vertebra and other parts of neck
S14.0XXA- S14.9XXS	Injury of nerves and spinal cord at neck level
S22.000A- S22.089S	Fracture of the thoracic vertebra
S24.0XXA- S24.9XXS	Injury of nerves and spinal cord at thorax level
S32.000A- S32.059S	Open/closed fractures of lumbar spine



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S32.10XA- S32.2XXS	Open/closed fractures of sacrum and coccyx
S34.01XA- S34.01XS	Concussion and edema of lumbar spinal cord
S34.02XA- S34.03XS	Concussion and edema of sacral spinal cord
S34.101A- S34.129S	Injuries of lumbar spine and spinal cord
S34.131A- S34.139S	Injuries of sacral spine and spinal cord
S34.21XA- S34.9XXS	Injuries of nerve root of lumber, sacral, and unspecified nerves at abdomen
S44.00XA- S44.92XS	Injuries of nerves at shoulder and upper arm level
S54.00XA- S54.92XS	Injuries of nerves at forearm level
S64.00XA- S64.92XS	Injuries of nerves at wrist and hand level
S74.00XA- S74.92.XS	Injuries of sciatic verve and nerves at hip and thigh level
S84.00XA- S84.92XS	Injuries of nerves at lower leg level
S94.00XA- S94.92XS	Injuries of nerves at ankle and foot level

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